Advanced — Preliminary Round 1

Moderator should say: "I will now read one test question, so you can adjust to the actions of buzzing and conversing in person. This will not count for points and will only happen in round one."

0.   What word is shared between the fanbase of BTS — the popular K-pop group — and the organization they will have to join for a period of time to serve their mandatory conscription?

ARMY

B1: How many members are in BTS? This is the same number as the number of consulships Marius had.

7 / SEVEN

B2: What group, who often says they're in your area, are currently touring the US?

BLACKPINK

Moderator should say: "Subsequent questions will count for points. Good luck and have fun!"

1.   Translate the following sentence from Latin to English with the knowledge that **colocyntha** is a first declension word meaning 'pumpkin': **Mense Octōbrī sunt quī colocyntham magnam exspectent.**

IN THE MONTH OF OCTOBER, THERE ARE THOSE
WHO WAIT FOR THE GREAT PUMPKIN

B1: Now translate: **Forsan hōc annō colocyntha magna ā puerīs videātur.**

PERHAPS THIS YEAR THE GREAT PUMPKIN {WILL / MIGHT} BE SEEN BY THE BOYS.

B2: Finally translate: **Ūnus calvus ex hīs puerīs exclāmat 'Ō dolōrem bonum! Nūlla est colocyntha magna!'**

ONE BALD BOY OUT OF THESE BOYS SHOUTS OUT 'O GOOD GRIEF! THERE IS NO GREAT
PUMPKIN!'

2.   Despite a victory at Locus Castorum, what emperor committed suicide to avoid further civil war after he advanced toward Cremona and was defeated by Valens and Caecina, Vitellius's generals?

(PUBLIUS SALVIUS) OTHO

B1: Otho's defeat took place between Cremona and what other city, which he had been using as a base?

BEDRIACUM

B2: After Otho's death, his troops tried to proclaim what man emperor, who had previously refused the throne after defeating Vindex?

(LUCIUS) VERGINIUS RUFUS

3.   Who describes Labrax being shipwrecked, Euclio jealously guarding his wealth, and Pyrgopolynices bragging of his military exploits in *Rudēns*, *Aululāria*, and *Mīles Glōriōsus*, respectively?

(TITUS MACCIUS) PLAUTUS

B1: Which Plautine character, whose name literally means "weevil," is the title character of Plautus's shortest play and steals a ring from another braggart soldier?

CURCULIO

B2: Which Plautine play features Tranio deceiving the merchant Theopropides?

MOSTELLĀRIA

4. What is the meaning of the Latin noun **laetātiō**, which is derived from the deponent verb **laetor** — formed in turn from **laetus**?

JOY / REJOICING

B1: What is the meaning of the noun **luctātiō**, which is derived from the deponent verb **luctor**?

WRESTLING / STRUGGLING / CONTEST

B2: What is the meaning of the noun **mētātiō**, which is derived from the deponent verb **mētor** and ultimately from the noun **mēta**?

A {MEASURING OUT // SETTING OF A BOUNDARY}

5. At the valley of Gargaphia, whose dogs wonder where their master is, even though they had torn him to pieces after he was transformed into a stag?

ACTAEON

B1: According to Ovid's *Metamorphoses,* the valley was sacred to what goddess, who transformed Actaeon for noticing her bathing?

DIANA

B2: On what Theban mountain had Actaeon been hunting? This is the same mountain where Oedipus would later be exposed.

(MOUNT) CITHAERON

SCORE CHECK

6. Forms of what Latin noun appear at the end of Emory University's motto, as well as in the mottos of UMich and UChicago — **artēs**, **[blank]**, **vēritās** and **crēscat [blank]**, **vīta excōlātur**?

SCIENTIA

B1: Forms of what Latin noun are contained in the mottos of the Royal Air Force and Kansas?

ASTRUM

B2: Forms of what Latin noun are contained in the mottos of London and the University of Oxford?

DŌMINUS

7. What conflict was indirectly caused by Thurii requesting Roman aid, involved the Roman ambassador Fabricius and the Greek Cineas, and saw battles at Maleventum, Heraclea, and Asculum?

PYRRHIC WAR

B1: Who won the battle of Maleventum and renamed the city to Beneventum?

(M'.) CURIUS DENTATUS

B2: Curius Dentatus also helped end what war, which involved battles at Camerinum and Aquilonia?

THIRD SAMNITE WAR

8. What group, who came from neighboring islands like Dulichium and Same, comprised 108 men and followed the lead of Eurymachus and Antinous in trying to become the new king of Ithaca?

SUITORS OF PENELOPE

B1: Just as Odysseus would kill Antinous, what father of his killed Antinous's father Eupeithes?

LAERTES

B2: During his time in Odysseus's palace, Eurymachus became close with what servant, a sister of one of Odysseus's herdsmen?

<div align="right">MELANTHO</div>

9. Consider the following English sentence: As soon as that was announced to Caesar, he ordered his soldiers to march across the Alps. Translate the phrase "as soon as" into Latin.

<div align="right">**SIMUL {AC / ATQUE} // CUM PRĪMUM**</div>

B1: While considering that same sentence – "As soon as that was announced to Caesar, he ordered his soldiers to march across the Alps." Assuming that the verb for "order" is **imperō**, translate the verb 'march' using an idiomatic phrase.

<div align="right">**ITER FACERENT**</div>

B2: Now translate the entire sentence using **imperō** and the parts you answered already.

<div align="right">**{SIMUL AC / ATQUE // CUM PRĪMUM} {ILLUD / ID} CAESARĪ NUNTIĀTUM EST, IMPERĀVIT MĪLITIBUS UT TRĀNS ALPĒS ITER FACERENT**</div>

10. What author demonstrated how a professional librarian is important for historical research by using the imperial archives under Hadrian to write the *Dē Virīs Illustribus* and *Dē Vītā Caesarum*?

<div align="right">(GAIUS) SUETONIUS (TRANQUILLUS)</div>

B1: Name the first and last people who receive a biography in the *Dē Vītā Caesarum*.

<div align="right">JULIUS CAESAR and DOMITIAN, RESPECTIVELY</div>

B2: What autobiography by Augustus, inscribed on monuments at Ankara and across the empire, was one of the few imperial biographies that predated Suetonius' *Dē Vītā Caesarum*?

<div align="right">*RĒS GESTAE*</div>

<div align="center">****SCORE CHECK****</div>

11. From what Latin verb with what meaning do we derive "curfew" and "handkerchief," the latter of which is an object that covers the head?

<div align="right">**OPERIŌ** – COVER</div>

B1: Based on its etymology, a curfew signals the time that one would cover what object?

<div align="right">**FOCUS** / HEARTH</div>

B2: What derivative of **cūra** can mean "to clean or brighten the surface of something by rubbing it hard, typically with an abrasive or detergent"?

<div align="right">SCOUR</div>

12. Which of the following cities was furthest south: Pompeii, Rome, Ostia, Ravenna?

<div align="right">POMPEII</div>

B1: Which of the following cities was furthest north: Antium, Beneventum, Misenum, or Mediolanum?

<div align="right">MEDIOLANUM</div>

B2: Which of the following cities was furthest east: Brundisium, Tarentum, Cumae, or Misenum?

<div align="right">BRUNDISIUM</div>

13. What man, whose grandfather Hostius fought against a Sabine in single combat, himself conducted wars against the Sabines and Alba Longa, razing the latter after the betrayal of its dictator Mettius Fufetius?

<div align="right">TULLUS HOSTILIUS</div>

B1: Which Sabine, who gave his name to the lake he drowned in, did Tullus Hostilius' grandfather fight?

<div align="right">METTIUS CURTIUS</div>

B2: Romulus built a temple to what god with what epithet after that battle?

<div align="right">JUPITER STATOR</div>

14. What poem, whose ending narrative comes from Thucydides, applies the "honey of the Muses" to the theory of **clināmen** and expounds Epicurean philosophy in six books by Lucretius?

<div align="right">***DĒ RĒRUM NĀTŪRA***</div>

B1: What historical event did Lucretius describe in the ending narrative, with Thucydides as his source?

<div align="right">PLAGUE OF ATHENS</div>

B2: The opening section of Lucretius's work uses the death of what mythological woman to support his claim that "religion has been able to advise so many evils"?

<div align="right">IPHIGEN(E)IA / IPHIANASSA</div>

15. Who married twice in the hopes of fathering a child, eventually doing so in Troezen when he "loosened the wineskin" with Aethra and fathered Theseus?

<div align="right">AEGEUS</div>

B1: What half-brother of Aegeus lost his city of Megara because Minos wanted to attack Athens?

<div align="right">NISUS</div>

B2: After the betrayal of his daughter, Nisus was turned into what sort of bird to pursue her?

<div align="right">OSPREY // SEA EAGLE</div>

<div align="center">*****SCORE CHECK*****</div>

16. For the verb **secō, secāre**, give the second person plural, perfect active subjunctive, given that its 3rd principal part is **secuī**.

<div align="right">**SECUERĪTIS**</div>

B1: Change that form to the imperfect passive indicative.

<div align="right">**SECĀBĀMINĪ**</div>

B2: Not including compounds, give two other 1st conjugation verbs with **-uī** in their 3rd principal part.
<u>ANY TWO OF</u>: **CREPŌ, CUBŌ, DOMŌ, FRICŌ, NECŌ** (SOMETIMES)**, PLICŌ, SONŌ, TONŌ, VETŌ, MICŌ**

17. What object, which was originally placed down between 2 quarreling snakes that would entwine it, was furnished with small wings at the tip, and was used to guide the dead by Hermes?

<div align="right">CADUCEUS / KERYKEION</div>

B1: What other object, owned by Hades, did Hermes use to kill the giant Hippolytus?

<div align="right">{HELM / CAP} OF DARKNESS</div>

B2: Description acceptable. What "objects" did Hermes and Aegipan recover from a cave after Typhon had separated them from their owner?

<div align="right">SINEWS OF ZEUS</div>

18. Listen to the following passage adapted from Seneca the Younger, which I will read twice, then answer *in English* the question that follows: **Nihil tam damnōsum bonīs mōribus est quam in spectāculō**

sedēre; tunc enim per voluptātem facilius vitia ingrediuntur. Quid mē existimās dīcere? Avārior redeō, ambitiōsior, luxuriōsior? Immō vērō crūdēlior et inhūmānior, quia inter hominēs fuī.

The question: What is the most dangerous thing for good morals?

TO SIT {IN / AT} A SPECTACLE

B1: Give all the bad qualities that Seneca does not become because of spectacles.

GREEDY, AMBITIOUS, {LUXURIOUS / DECADENT}

B2: What is the direct cause of the negative qualities that spectacles do instill?

BEING AMONG PEOPLE

19.   What work had to be divided into pentads and decades and compressed into *Periochae* to make sense of its massive bulk, since it covered history up to Augustus in 142 books written by Livy?

AB URBE CONDITĀ

B1: Asinius Pollio criticized the *Ab Urbe Conditā* for its provincial stylings, since Livy was born in what town in Cisalpine Gaul?

PATAVIUM / PADUA

B2: What 4th-century author, at the request of the emperor Valens, wrote a 10-book summary of Roman history that uses Livy for the first six books?

EUTROPIUS

****SCORE CHECK****

20.   When her husband died, her daughters were raped, and she was flogged, who dealt the Romans crippling defeats at Verulamium, Camulodunum, and other British cities until she was brought down in 61 A.D.?

BOUDICCA

B1: What governor of Britain defeated Boudicca, probably along a road later called Watling Street?

(GAIUS) SUETONIUS PAULINUS

B2: What woman had earlier rebelled against Rome until she was betrayed by Demetrius of Pharos?

TEUTA

Advanced — Preliminary Round 2

1. Who blamed Attianus for a purge at the beginning of his reign — which saw the death of a star Moorish general, Lusius Quietus — after Pompeia Plotina secured his adoption and his predecessor Trajan died?

    HADRIAN

    B1: What Bithynian youth, who died during Hadrian's tour in Egypt, was Hadrian fond of?

    ANTINOUS

    B2: Hadrian replaced Lusius Quietus with what man, who quelled a revolt in Mauretania?

    (QUINTUS) MARCIUS TURBO

2. Translate the following sentence into English: **Malum est discipulīs studendī causā somnum perdere.**

    IT IS BAD FOR STUDENTS TO LOSE SLEEP TO STUDY

    B1: Translate this sentence into English: **Rogāvī num cēterī discipulī octō hōrās dormīvissent.**

    I ASKED IF THE OTHER STUDENTS HAD SLEPT EIGHT HOURS

    B2: Translate this sentence into English: **Bene dormiāmus quō quaestiōnibus respondeāmus difficiliōribus.**

    LET'S SLEEP WELL SO WE CAN ANSWER HARDER QUESTIONS

3. What set of twins, one a skilled herdsman, the other a master lyrist, murdered Dirce for harming their mother Antiope and later built the walls of Thebes?

    AMPHION and ZETHUS

    B1: Amphion and Zethus had overthrown what regent of Thebes, who ruled while Laius was still a boy?

    LYCUS

    B2: Amphion might have died when he tried to take vengeance on what god, who killed all his sons?

    APOLLO

4. What subject, whose self-proclaimed **praeceptor** later described its "**remedia**," needed two books for men and one for women to expound its **ars** in the form of a humorous didactic poem by Ovid?

    LOVE // FALLING IN LOVE

    B1: What other poem by Ovid takes inspiration from Callimachus's *Aetia* and describes the origins of Roman festivals over the course of its six books?

    FASTĪ

    B2: What poem by Ovid, named after a type of bird, also takes inspiration from Callimachus for a vicious attack against an unnamed enemy?

    IBIS

5. In the name "Marcus Livius Augustae L Ismarus" the "L" stands for what Latin word, which describes a person who has donned the conical **pilleus** after being manumitted?

    LĪBERTUS

    B1: What part of the name was strictly inherited from a freedman's former master and what part of the name was their own?

    NŌMEN INHERITED and {**COGNŌMEN / AGNŌMEN**} THEIR OWN

    B2: What is the term for the property of an enslaved person that they could use to buy their freedom?

    PECŪLIUM

6. Though he was accused of adultery with Milo's wife and governed Africa Nova corruptly, what author from Amiternum took a moralizing tone in his historical monographs, including ***Bellum Catilīnae***?

    (GAIUS) SALLUST(IUS CRISPUS)

    B1: What political figure put Sallust in charge of Africa Nova?

    (GAIUS) JULIUS CAESAR

    B2: What Latin term is generally used for Sallust's technique of asymmetrical and non-parallel clauses?
    INCONCINNITĀS

7. What Latin noun with what meaning is at the root of "surly," "sir," and "senile"?

    SENEX – OLD MAN

    B1: What Latin noun with what meaning is at the root of "sewer"?

    AQUA – WATER

    B2: What Latin verb with what meaning is at the root of "spawn"?

    PANDŌ – SPREAD

8. What foreign king, who finished his life in luxurious exile at Alba Fucens, defeated the Romans near Larissa at Callinicus in 171 B.C. before being subdued entirely by Aemilius Paullus at Pydna?

    PERSEUS

    B1: Perseus had first come to odds with the Romans when he murdered and supplanted what brother of his, who had been an ally of Rome?

    DEMETRIUS

    B2: Lucius Aemilius Paullus first made his mark in 181 B.C. by defeating the Ingauni in what region of Northern Italy, a favorite ground for ambitious Roman generals in the early 2nd century B.C.?

    LIGURIA

9. Using a gerundive, translate the following sentence into Latin: What should you avoid?
    QUID TIBI / VŌBĪS (Ē)VĪTANDUM (EST)?

    B1: Again using a gerundive, and taking the adjective **Harvardiēnsis, Harvardiēnse** for "Harvard," translate: I think that you ought to avoid the Harvard Certamen.
    CERTĀMEN HARVARDIĒNSE (Ē)VĪTANDUM ESSE {CĒNSEŌ / PUTŌ / CŌGITŌ} *vel sim.*

    B2: Again using a gerundive, translate: You should learn not for my sake, but for yours!
    TIBI DISCENDUM EST NŌN MEĀ {GRĀTIĀ / CAUSĀ}, SED TUĀ
    [ACCEPT **MEĪ** / **TUĪ**, BUT INFORM PLAYERS THAT THE ADJECTIVE IS MORE IDIOMATIC]

10. What occupation was shared by a man who gave 12 jugs of wine to Odysseus, a man whose daughter Chryseis was kidnapped, and a man who flung a spear at the Trojan Horse?

    PRIEST

    B1: Who was that priest of Apollo that gave Odysseus 12 jugs of wine?

    MARON

    B2: According to different accounts, Laocoon, the man who flung a spear at the Trojan Horse, was possibly the priest of which two gods?

    APOLLO and {NEPTUNE / POSEIDON}

11. In what sort of setting might you hear the phrases **particeps crīminis**, **in flagrante dēlictō**, **nōlō contendere**, and **habeās corpus**?

COURT(ROOM) // LEGAL (SETTING) // TRIAL // CASE

B1: What is the Latin term for a sort of person who volunteers or is invited by the court to give advice on a pending matter?

AMĪCUS CŪRIAE [<u>PROMPT</u> ON "**AMĪCUS**"]

B2: What is the Latin term for the order a higher court might give to direct a lower court to perform a legal duty?

MANDĀMUS

12. Supposedly called to invade by Honoria, what man was defeated by Theoderic's Visigoths and a Roman army at the Mauriac Plains in 451 A.D., showing the excellent generalship of Aetius against the Huns?

ATILLA (THE HUN)

B1: Honoria is not the only Roman to call a foreign king to invade. According to some scholars, what Vandal king was called in by Boniface to overrun Africa in 429 A.D.?

GAISERIC / GENSERIC

B2: Aetius had actually allied with the Huns earlier, when they helped him force what woman — the mother of Valentinian III — to give him a high military position?

(GALLA) PLACIDIA

13. Though he was the dedicatee of the ***Dē Clēmentiā*** and was flattered in the ***Pharsālia***, what emperor forced Lucan and Seneca to commit suicide when they were implicated in the Pisonian Conspiracy?

NERO

B1: What mediocre poet, whose lengthy ***Pūnica*** acts as a fan sequel to the *Aeneid*, survived Nero's reign but later distanced himself from his unscrupulous political career?

(TIBERIUS CATIUS ASCONIUS) SILIUS ITALICUS

B2: What handsome mythological character, whom Nero seems to have identified closely with, was the hero of a poem that Nero wrote and may have recited during the fire of Rome?

PARIS

14. What deity punished 5 nymphs for not sacrificing to him, fathered the Sirens, and lost a horn while in the form of a bull during a fight with Hercules?

ACHELOUS

B1: For whose hand in marriage was Achelous fighting Hercules?

DEIAN(E)IRA

B2: What nymph, whom Achelous fell in love with and seduced, was almost killed by her father until Achelous prayed for her to be transformed into an island?

PERIMELE

15. **Alvus**, **sapphirus**, **quercus**, and **Aegyptus** are second declension nouns that are of what gender?

FEMININE

B1: Taking the Latin word **valē** as a noun, say in Latin "a happy goodbye."

LAETUM VALĒ

B2: What grammatical term is used for the nouns **vās**, **Mulciber**, and **iūgerum**?

HETEROCLITE

16. Using adjectives like **expolītus** and **lepidus** to describe his **libellus**, what author mourns his brother's death in the Troad, writes "**ōdī et amō**," and praises the sparrow of his beloved Lesbia?

    CATULLUS

    B1: Lesbia's real name was Clodia. In which speech of Cicero does he imply that Clodia had incestuous relations with her brother and tried to poison Cicero's client?

    PRŌ CAELIŌ

    B2: In Catullus 65, he uses his brother's death as an excuse for not sending a fully original poem to what man, a prominent orator in the Asiatic style and rival of Cicero?

    (QUINTUS) HORTENSIUS (HORTALUS)

17. After being taken to the camp of the Third Legion '**Gallica**' by Gannys, what 14-year old Syrian boy was proclaimed emperor by his grandmother Julia Maesa in opposition to Macrinus in 218 A.D.?

    ELAGABALUS

    B1: Name Elagabalus's mother, who aided him in his ascension to the purple.

    JULIA SOAEMIAS

    B2: Elagabalus was recognized as emperor throughout the entire empire when troops loyal to him ultimately defeated Macrinus outside what Syrian city on June 8th of that same year?

    ANTIOCH

18. What use of the genitive can be found when Apuleius writes **semper annōrum** right after **ubique gentium**, though more common examples are **aliquid nummōrum** and **satis eloquentiae**?

    PARTITIVE / OF THE WHOLE

    B1: What use of the genitive is found in this Latin phrase from Cicero's ***Prō Flaccō***? **Hermobius, cuius frāter item pecūniae pūblicae est condemnātus.**

    CHARGE / PENALTY

    B2: What use of the genitive is replaced by an adjective in Sallust's phrase "**metus hostīlis in bonīs artibus cīvitātem retinēbat**," describing Rome's state before the fall of Carthage?

    OBJECTIVE

19. Known as the "hounds of Zeus," what group did Iris save from the pursuit of Calais and Zetes, explaining that they polluted and snatched the food of Phineus as a punishment?

    HARPIES

    B1: How were Iris and the Harpies related?

    SISTERS

    B2: Zetes and Calais were perhaps willing to help Phineus because he had married what sister of theirs?

    CLEOPATRA

20. Differentiate in meaning between **fundus** and **profundus** — the former being found in the word **latifundia** and the latter being an adjective.

    FUNDUS = BOTTOM / FARM / ESTATE and **PROFUNDUS** = DEEP / PROFOUND

    B1: Now provide the meaning of the word **funda**, which would be used with **lapidēs** and **tormenta**.

    SLING(SHOT)

B2: Differentiate in meaning between the adverbs **funditus** and **dīvīnitus**.

FUNDITUS – FROM THE BOTTOM and **DĪVĪNITUS** – FROM HEAVEN / BY DIVINE PROVIDENCE

1. Our source for Sallust's birth year and Lucretius's love potion is the ***Chronicon*** of what Christian author, a native of Stridon who went to Bethlehem and learned Hebrew to translate the Bible?

    (ST.) JEROME // (SOPHRONIUS EUSEBIUS) HIERONYMUS [ACCEPT "JEROME'S
    CHRONICON" AND PROMPT ON "***CHRONICON***" BEFORE THE TITLE IS READ]

    B1: In a dream, Jerome was reproached by God with the phrase "[blank] **es, nōn Christiānus**." Fill in the blank with the Latin or English.

    CICERŌNIĀNUS / CICERONIAN

    B2: Jerome served for a time as secretary for what pope?

    (POPE) DAMASUS

2. Translate the verb "build" from the following sentence into Latin: There is nobody who can stop us from building our city. Note that one option involves a subjunctive verb in the present tense.

    MŪNIĀMUS / MŪNĪRE / MŪNIENDŌ

    B1: Translate the first clause of the following sentence into Latin using only two words: After the walls had been built, the enemy decided to dig under our moat instead.

    MŪRĪS MŪNĪTĪS

    B2: Translate the verb "build" from this sentence into Latin: If we had built the walls deep underground, the enemy would not have been able to so easily sack the city.

    MUNĪ(VI)SSĒMUS

3. An eagle signaled the birth of what man, who stood a head taller than all other Greeks at Troy, where his massive shield served to protect his half-brother Teucer and a man from Locris who shared his name?

    AJAX (SON OF) TELAMON // AJAX OF SALAMIS //
    AJAX THE GREAT(ER) // {GARGANTUAN / BIG / LARGE / HUGE} AJAX

    B1: In Book 7 of the *Iliad*, Hector gives Ajax what object, which would appear in his story later?

    (SILVER-STUDDED) SWORD

    B2: The duel only came to a halt due to the calls of what two heralds, one Greek and one Trojan?

    TALTHYBIUS & IDAEUS

4. "**Moriāmur, et in media arma ruāmus**," meaning "Let us die, and charge into the thick of the fight," is a famous example of what literary device whose name means "following preceding"?

    HYSTERON PROTERON

    B1: What literary device, excluding sound effects, can be found in the line "**miserō quod omnīs ēripit sēnsūs mihi**," given that the normal word order of **miserō** and **mihi** in the sentence is distorted?

    HYPERBATON

    B2: What literary device, excluding sound effects, can be found in this sentence drawn from Quintilian, "**emit morte immortālitātem**," seeing that multiple words derived from the same root have been used in close proximity?

    FIGURA ETYMOLOGICA // POLYPTOTON

5. Though he had earlier dropped the fold of his toga that symbolized war, what man feuded with Minucius Rufus, his **magister equitum**, in 217 B.C. when he repeatedly delayed battle against Hannibal?

    (QUINTUS) FABIUS MAXIMUS (CUNCTATOR)

B1: What two consuls of 216 B.C. did Fabius Maximus try in vain to persuade to continue his strategy?

(C. TERENTIUS) VARRO and (L. AEMILIUS) PAULLUS

B2: When sealed off between a mountain pass, Hannibal evaded capture by Fabius Maximus by creating a dummy army using what animals?

OXEN

SCORE CHECK

6.   Sometimes called "dubitative," what independent use of the subjunctive can be found in the sentences "**etiamne eam salūtem**" and "**cur tibi loquar**"?

DELIBERATIVE

B1: Translate the sentence "**quō mē verterem?**," which contains a deliberative subjunctive.

WHERE {SHOULD I HAVE TURNED // WAS I TO TURN} (MYSELF)?

B2: What use of the subjunctive is found in the sentence "**Biennium perīculum erat nē nihil reī pūblicae superesset**"?

FEARING

7.   Consolidated into new barracks under Tiberius, disbanded by Constantine, and led by men like Laetus and Tigellinus, what group killed Pertinax, Caligula, and other emperors they were supposed to protect?

PRAETORIAN GUARD

B1: The Praetorian Guard consisted exclusively of Italians until what emperor replaced them with troops drawn from the legions, ensuring its loyalty before he fought his rivals at Issus and Lugdunum?

(LUCIUS) SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS

B2: The immediate impetus for Septimius Severus's decision may have been the auction for the throne that the Praetorian Guard had held between Didius Julianus and what man?

(TITUS FLAVIUS CLAUDIUS) SULPICIANUS

8.   What work's so-called *tibicinēs*, or half-lines of hexameter, help explain why Plotius Tucca and Varius Rufus were charged with burning its 12 books of epic poetry on the order of its author, Vergil?

AENEID

B1: Vergil's first major example of epic narration is an inset *epyllion* in the 4th book of the *Georgics* about what mythological figure, which in turn contains the inset tale of Orpheus and Eurydice?

ARISTAEUS

B2: Some later sources say, though scholars doubt this, that the Aristaeus tale was added to replace praises of what disgraced elegiac poet?

(GAIUS) CORNELIUS GALLUS

9.   Translate the following Latin sentence into English: **Nec deōs nec hominēs crēdō tibi nocēre posse.**

I {THINK / BELIEVE} NEITHER GODS NOR MEN CAN HARM YOU

B1: Translate the following Latin sentence into English: **Crēderēs nēminem esse ā quō comminus vulnerārī possēs.**

YOU MIGHT {BELIEVE / HAVE BELIEVED} THAT THERE WAS NO ONE BY WHOM YOU COULD BE WOUNDED {IN CLOSE COMBAT // HAND-TO-HAND}

B2: Identify both the independent and dependent uses of the subjunctive found in that sentence.

POTENTIAL and RELATIVE CLAUSE {OF CHARACTERISTIC / IN INDIRECT STATEMENT}

10. What king falsely announced his intention to vie for the hand of Hippodameia, requiring horses for his bride gift from all the citizens of Seriphos, including the new resident Perseus?

POLYDECTES

B1: Name both the brother of Polydectes and the woman whom he was truly intent on marrying.

DICTYS & DANAE

B2: What was Perseus' original name, under which he was raised in Dictys' home?

EURYMEDON

SCORE CHECK

11. What barbarian, although admitted to the **equester ordo** for his service in the Roman army, sprung a trap between the Weser and Ems rivers in 9 A.D. that ensnared 3 legions under Quinctilius Varus?

ARMINIUS / HERMAN

B1: What Germanic tribe did Arminius hail from?

CHERUSCI

B2: Another revolt around this time involved two Pannonian chieftains who shared what name?

BATO

12. What broad geographical feature is signified by all of the following terms: **stagnum, fretum, aequor, amnis**?

(BODIES OF) WATER

B1: What article of clothing do all of the following words denote specific variations of: **mitra, apex, causia, petasus**?

HAT

B2: Whereabouts can the following objects be found: **mentum, māxilla, cilium, gingīva**?

SOMEONE'S HEAD [PROMPT ON "BODY"]

13. In the *Aeneid*, who was forced to hide in the Aventine Hill due to a bull's cry, after he had covered the tracks of the cattle of Geryon which he had stolen from Hercules?

CACUS

B1: This story was mentioned to Aeneas by what man who was sacrificing to Hercules right before graciously welcoming Aeneas?

EVANDER

B2: Evander also mentions how Tarchon had sent a crown and scepter to him to succeed what cruel man as king of Etrurian Argylla?

MEZENTIUS

14. What Latin word form fills in the blanks of the names of the ancient counterparts of Aix-en-Provence and Bath — **[blank] Sextiae** and **[blank] Sulis**?

AQUAE

B1: Forms of what emperor's name fill in the blanks of the names of the ancient cities **[blank] Taurīnōrum** and **[blank] Trēverōrum**?

AUGUSTUS

B2: What modern city once named after the Roman imperial family did the Romans call **Colōnia Claudia Ara Agrippinensium**?

COLOGNE / KÖLN

15. What author, whose suffect consulship in 100 A.D. saw him deliver a *Panēgyricus*, asked Trajan how to treat Christians in one of his *Epistulae*, which also describe a volcanic eruption?

PLINY THE YOUNGER

B1: Pliny's letter about the eruption of Mt. Vesuvius describes the death of Pliny the Elder. What was their familial relationship?

UNCLE / NEPHEW

B2: One of Pliny's letters mentions how Tacitus delivered the funeral oration for what man, whom he replaced as consul in 97 A.D.?

(LUCIUS) VERGINIUS RUFUS

16. What law, which took effect after Acilius Glabrio's temporary command in the East, was defended by Cicero and completed Lucullus's replacement with Pompey in the Third Mithridatic War?

LĒX MĀNĪLIA

B1: One of Lucullus's major victories took place in 69 B.C. at what city, whose king remarked that Lucullus's forces were "too few for an army, too many for an embassy"?

TIGRANOCERTA

B2: Lucullus was undermined by what brother-in-law of his, who deliberately chose a plebeian spelling of his **nōmen**?

(PUBLIUS) CLODIUS PULCHER

17. What part of speech encompasses the ultimate Latin roots of all of the following English words: "estranged," "souffle," "entrails," and "ulterior"?

PREPOSITION

B1: What part of speech encompasses the Latin roots of "umpire" and "maxim"?

ADVERB // ADJECTIVE // ADVERB AND ADJECTIVE

B2: What particular grammatical characteristic is shared by the Latin nouns at the roots of "ferial" and "delicious"?

PLŪRĀLIA TANTUM // ONLY APPEAR IN THE PLURAL

18. What son of Eupalamus was tried for murdering a boy that rivaled his skill — Perdix — and ended up on Crete where he made a wooden cow for Pasiphae as well as the Labyrinth?

DAEDALUS

B1: Daedalus took refuge on Sicily with Cocalus, where he was able to thread a shell using what animal, who traversed the tortuous windings of the shell?

ANT

B2: Daedalus notably built a temple to Apollo in what city, near Lake Avernus?

CUMAE

19. What two third declension nouns are used in a pair of similar Vergilian phrases in which each one is said to "conquer all"?

AMOR and **LABOR**

B1: The Vergilian line that features "**omnia vincit amor**" goes on to say "**et nōs cēdāmus amōrī**." Please translate that continuation into English.

> LET US TOO YIELD TO LOVE // AND LET US YIELD TO {IT / LOVE}

B2: In the *Eclogues*, Vergil writes "**magnus ab integrō saeclōrum nāscitur ōrdō**" about the coming of a second Golden Age. Where does the three-word adaptation of this quote appear in the US?

> ON THE (GREAT) SEAL // ON THE {DOLLAR / 1$} BILL

SCORE CHECK

20.   The line "I never poetize unless I have the gout" is attributed to what "three-hearted" author, whose *Hedyphagetica* and 18-book historical epic ***Annālēs*** introduced dactylic hexameter to Rome?

> (QUINTUS) ENNIUS

B1: What was the meaning of Ennius's claim that he had three hearts?

> HE COULD SPEAK THREE LANGUAGES (GREEK, LATIN, OSCAN)

B2: Ennius's love of alliteration can be seen in a line addressed to what figure in his ***Annālēs***, telling him "**tūte tibi tanta, tyranne, tulistī**"?

> TITUS TATIUS

1. A poem on the phoenix is ascribed to what Christian author, who studied under Arnobius, tutored Crispus, and attempted to systematize Christian doctrine in the *Divine Institutions*?

    (LUCIUS CAELIUS FIRMIANUS) LACTANTIUS

    B1: Where did Diocletian appoint Lactantius to teach rhetoric until the Great Persecution?

    NICOMEDIA

    B2: What is the title of Arnobius's pro-Christian treatise, which makes up in vehemence for what it lacks in accurate knowledge of Christianity?

    ADVERSUS NĀTIŌNĒS

2. What woman, raped by Jupiter and granted immortal life, transformed into Camers to reignite the battle between the Latins and Trojans and into Metiscus to help her brother flee Aeneas?

    JUTURNA

    B1: In book 10 of the *Aeneid*, Juno helped Turnus flee Aeneas and brought him to what city of his?

    ARDEA

    B2: Juturna reigniting the fight indirectly caused what seer to cast his spear and kill a son of Gylippus?

    TOLUMNIUS

3. Identify the use of the accusative in the following sentence: **Nōnne ipsum caput et supercilia olēre malitiam et clāmitāre calliditātem videntur?** Keep in mind that **clāmitāre** is normally intransitive.

    COGNATE / INTERNAL / KINDRED SIGNIFICATION

    B1: Identify the only use of the accusative in these lines from Vergil's *Aeneid*: **omnia Mercuriō similis, vōcemque colōremque / et crīnīs flāvōs et membra decōra iuventā.**

    SYNECDOCHICAL / GREEK ACCUSATIVE / RESPECT

    B2: Identify the use of the genitive in the phrase **id temporis**.

    PARTITIVE

4. What two regions did Rome seize in the aftermath of the Truceless War and combine into their second province after Sicily, entirely robbing the Carthaginians of their island possessions near Italy?

    SARDINIA and CORSICA

    B1: Which of the following provinces was NOT added during the reign of Claudius: Britannia, Thrace, Pannonia, Mauretania?

    PANNONIA

    B2: What emperor split up many of the provinces, increasing the total number from around 40 to around 105, and then grouped them into larger units supervised by **vicāriī**?

    DIOCLETIAN

5. What Latin noun is the "p" in the abbreviations **s.l.p.** and **s.m.p.**, in which the middle words are "**legitimā**" and "**masculā**," and in the abbreviation **d.s.p.**?

    PROLĒS / PROLĒ

    B1: Give the Latin and English equivalent of the phrase **coch. parv.**

    COCHLEĀR(E) PARVUM – A TEASPOONFUL / SMALL SPOON

    B2: Give the Latin and English for the symbol represented by the letter C with a line above it (c̄).

    CUM – WITH

6.   What man rode with Baton, his charioteer, away from the pursuing Theban Periclymenus until Zeus struck the ground to swallow them up, fulfilling his prophecy of his own death?

AMPHIARAUS

B1: What other member of the Seven Against Thebes might have received divine aid, had he not desecrated Melanippus's body at Amphiaraus's instigation?

TYDEUS

B2: What Argive son of Alector helped Polynices get Amphiaraus to join his expedition?

IPHIS

7.   Listen to the following passage, which I will read twice, adapted from Claudius's arrival to heaven in the *Apocolocyntōsis*, where he is met by Hercules. Answer *in English* the question that follows: **Cum novī generis faciem vīdisset, Herculēs perturbātus est, et putāvit sibi tertium decimum labōrem vēnisse. Tamen accessit et ait: "Quis es, aut unde venīs?" Claudius Homēricō versū respondit. Tum Herculēs "Dā mihi vērum," inquit, "nē tibi fatuitātem excutiam."**

The question: What did Hercules think had come to him when he saw Claudius?

HIS THIRTEENTH LABOR

B1: Why did Hercules think Claudius was being a fool?

CLAUDIUS REPLIED TO HIM {IN GREEK // IN A HOMERIC VERSE}

B2: What did Hercules threaten to do if Claudius didn't tell him the truth about his origin?

{SHAKE / KNOCK} OUT HIS FOOLISHNESS

8.   What author depicts a man condemned to indigestion, proclaims that he brings forth his poetry **ex praecordiīs**, and describes a journey to Sicily, inspiring Horace and Juvenal with his *Satires*?

(GAIUS) LUCILIUS

B1: What mistress of Lucilius is the focus of the 16th book of his *Satires*?

COLLYRA

B2: What is the name of the man condemned to indigestion in the **Concilium Deōrum**?

(LUCIUS CORNELIUS) LENTULUS LUPUS

9.   Take the phrase **quaedam nais fōrmōsa** and give its plural accusative form.

QUĀSDAM NAIDAS FŌRMŌSĀS

B1: Give the genitive singular of the phrase **nūllus gurges ātrōx**.

NŪLLĪUS GURGITIS ATRŌCIS

B2: Give the accusative singular of the noun **Salamīs**.

SALAMĪNA

10.   The decisive victor at a battle near Tauromenium, what Republican admiral turned pirate captain was not placated by a conference at Misenum and soon lost to Agrippa in 36 B.C. at Naulochus?

SEXTUS POMPEY

B1: Where did the triumvirs meet in 40 B.C. to re-cement their alliance?

BRUNDISIUM

B2: During this campaign, Agrippa constructed the Portus Iulius to enable him to train naval crews in what lake?

<div align="right">(LAKE) AVERNUS</div>

<div align="center">**SCORE CHECK**</div>

11. Differentiate in derivation between "contempt" and "attempt."

CONTEMPT - **TEMNŌ** (DESPISE) and ATTEMPT - {**TEMPTŌ** (TRY) / **TENDŌ** (STRETCH)}

B1: Differentiate in etymology between "peel" and "appeal." The first is related to the shape that peelings make.

PEEL - **PILUS** (HAIR) and APPEAL - **PELLŌ** (PUSH / DRIVE) / **APPELLŌ** (NAME / ADDRESS)

B2: Differentiate in etymology between "decoy" and "coy."

<div align="right">DECOY - **CAVEA** (CAGE) and COY - **QUIĒS** (REST)</div>

12. What ancient river, along whose shores a Roman traveler would find Nemausus, Arausio, and other cities of southern Gaul, is now called the Rhone?

<div align="right">**RHŌDANUS**</div>

B1: Along the shores of what river would a Roman traveler find the cities Carnuntum, Vindabona, and Aquincum?

<div align="right">DANUBE / **DANUVIUS / ISTER**</div>

B2: Along the shores of what river would a Roman traveler find the city Perusia?

<div align="right">TIBER / **TIBERIS**</div>

13. What emperor could not stop the mutilation of Parthenius and the execution of Petronius Secundus after the praetorians besieged the palace and demanded the death of his predecessor's assassins in 97 A.D.?

<div align="right">NERVA</div>

B1: What commander of the Praetorian Guard led the hunt for the conspirators, imprisoning Nerva in the imperial palace until they had their way?

<div align="right">CASPERIUS AELIANUS</div>

B2: Although it was hard for Nerva to find favor with the praetorians, he was heavily supported by the senate and received what title upon his ascension, which Augustus had previously received in 2 B.C.?

<div align="right">**PATER PATRIAE**</div>

14. What man, sent to unknowingly kill his father in a cell at Mycenae, had to watch his mother Pelopia commit suicide before he returned to kill Atreus and finally avenge his father Thyestes?

<div align="right">AEGISTHUS</div>

B1: Why did Pelopia commit suicide?

SHE FOUND OUT SHE HAD A SON (AEGISTHUS) BY HER OWN FATHER (THYESTES)

B2: Aegisthus caused his own death by ignoring the warnings of what god not to seduce Clytemnestra?

<div align="right">HERMES</div>

15. Forced to earn his **sportula** as a client, cultivate a tiny farm at Nomentum, and ask Pliny the Younger to pay for his trip home, who tried to "spare the persons, addressing their vices" in 15 books of epigrams?

<div align="right">(MARCUS VALERIUS) MARTIAL(IS)</div>

B1: What Flavian epic poet, who sang of **fraternae aciēs**, was similarly forced to earn extra money by composing a libretto to a pantomime entitled *Agāvē*?

(PUBLIUS PAPINIUS) STATIUS

B2: Martial jokes that his farm at Nomentum was so small it could fit under the wing of what animal?

CRICKET / CICADA

SCORE CHECK

16. What event saw the rejection of the term *heteroousios*, the setting of a fixed date for Easter Sunday, and the burning of Arius's writings in 325 A.D. after Constantine called together the empire's bishops?

COUNCIL OF NICAEA

B1: In what Roman province in Asia Minor was Nicaea located?

BITHYNIA

B2: In 451 A.D., at what other city in Asia Minor did Marcian, Pulcheria, and Pope Leo I call together the Fourth Ecumenical Council in an attempt to resolve the issue of Christ's nature?

CHALCEDON

17. Translate the following sentence into Latin using a subjunctive: "The soldier will hide the spears from the general lest he expect his death."

MĪLES HASTĀS / TĒLA IMPERĀTŌREM / DUCEM CĒLĀBIT NĒ MORTEM EXSPECTET / PRAEVIDEAT

B1: Translate into Latin using a clause of proviso: "So long as I am king, let him threaten me with a stone in vain."

DUMMODO / DUM / TANTUM UT RĒX SIM, MIHI {SAXUM / LAPIDEM / SAXŌ / LAPIDE} {FRŪSTRĀ / NĒQUĪQUAM} MINĒTUR

B2: Translate into Latin using a subjunctive: "She hopes that she will see the sudden light."

SPĒRAT FORE UT VIDEAT LUCEM SUBITAM

18. What author wrote about a flatterer in the *Colax* and a coquettish girl in the *Tarentilla*, claimed that it was fate that made the Metelli consuls, and composed a seven-book Saturnian historical epic?

(GNAEUS) NAEVIUS

B1: To what city was Naevius exiled for making this claim about the Metelli?

UTICA

B2: Though Naevius is known for inventing the **fābula praetexta**, some plays, such as *Ariolus*, seem to have been comedies in a Roman setting. What is the Latin term for such plays?

FĀBULA {TOGĀTA / TABERNĀRIA}

19. Who is the father of all the following? A daughter who married Bias, Pero; a shapeshifting son who died as an eagle, Periclymenus; and a son who spear-vaulted away from the Calydonian Boar, Nestor?

NELEUS

B1: Bias was able to marry Pero because Melampus got the cattle of what man, whose son Iphiclus he cured of impotence?

PHYLACUS

B2: Nestor was the only surviving son of Neleus after Pylos was sacked because he was in what city?

GERENIA

SCORE CHECK

20. Translate this sentence adapted from Seneca the Younger, found in a discussion of old age: **Sī deus crāstīnum diem adiēcerit, laetī recipiāmus.**

[SEE BELOW]

B1: Give another translation of that sentence, interpreting the conditional differently.

    <u>1</u>: IF GOD {GIVES // WILL HAVE GIVEN} (US) A TOMORROW, LET US HAPPILY TAKE IT

  <u>2</u>: IF GOD {SHOULD GIVE // WERE TO GIVE} (US) A TOMORROW, WE WOULD HAPPILY TAKE IT

B2: Now translate this sentence, adapted from the preface of Seneca's ***Quaestiōnēs Nātūrālēs***: **tantum inter philosophiam et cēterās artēs interest, quantum inter Deum et hominem.**

THERE IS AS MUCH DIFFERENCE BETWEEN PHILOSOPHY AND THE OTHER ARTS AS THERE IS BETWEEN GOD AND MAN

1.   Described in one poem as "**omnia nostrae tempora laetitiae**," who replaced Lycinna as the poet's beloved, was distinguished for her **ocellī**, and was the chief subject of the *Monobiblos*?

                                                                                                         CYNTHIA

B1: Just as Lycinna was a lesser-known love interest of Propertius, Horace mentions Tibullus's unhappy love for what woman, who never appears in his elegies?

                                                                                                         GLYCERA

B2: The couplet that ends "**omnia tū nostrae tempora laetitiae**" begins "You alone are my [blank], Cynthia, you alone my [blank]." Fill in one of those blanks in English or Latin.

                                                                           DOMUS / HOME or **PARENTĒS** / PARENTS

2.   What Eastern emperor helped his co-ruler create **dēfēnsōrēs cīvitātis** and suppressed Procopius's revolt, but died in battle after officials at the Danube bungled the admission of a host of Gothic refugees?

                                                                                                         VALENS

B1: Valens also tried to restore Rome's prestige on the Persian front after Jovian had surrendered what key fortress city to Shapur?

                                                                                                         NISIBIS

B2: In an especially striking example of the mistreatment of the Gothic refugees, Ammianus mentions that officials provided them with what sort of bad food in exchange for Gothic slaves?

                                                                                                         DOG MEAT

3.   Known throughout Oechalia for her beauty, what woman was raped by Apollo and forced to bear a child named Amphissus, whom she had to leave behind after she became a lotus tree?

                                                                                                         DRYOPE

B1: Dryope naturally kept her pregnancy a secret and soon afterwards married what mortal?

                                                                                                         ANDRAEMON

B2: According to Antoninus Liberalis's account, Apollo came to Dryope in the form of what animal?

                                                                                                         TORTOISE

4.   What meaning is shared by all of the following words: **caterva, turma, coetus, manus**?

                                                                           CROWD / GROUP / MULTITUDE

B1: What adjective meaning "dense" comes from the same root as a Latin verb meaning "to grow"?

                                                                                                         CRĒBER

B2: Give a meaning of the Latin verb **conciliō**, which is derived from the Latin noun **concilium**, meaning "council."

                                                                           UNITE / WIN OVER / PROCURE / CONCILIATE

5.   Translate the following sentence adapted from Cicero's *Dē Rēpublicā*: **Nōn satis est habēre virtūtem quasi artem, nisi utāre.**

                              IT IS NOT ENOUGH TO HAVE VIRTUE {AS IF IT WERE // LIKE} AN ART,
                                                           UNLESS YOU (ARE TO) MAKE USE OF IT.

B1: Translate the following sentence adapted from Cicero's *Dē Officiīs*: **Nē dubitēmus, quīn hominēs hominibus et prōsint et obsint plūrimum.**

LET US NOT DOUBT THAT HUMANS ARE BOTH THE GREATEST
BENEFIT AND HARM TO HUMANS

B2: Translate the following sentence adapted from Cicero's *Dē Ōrātōre*: **Quis est quī, sī clārōrum hominum scientiam arbitrētur, nōn antepōnat ōrātōrī imperātōrem?**

WHO IS THERE WHO WOULD NOT PREFER A GENERAL TO AN ORATOR, IF
HE WERE TO JUDGE THE KNOWLEDGE OF DISTINGUISHED MEN?

SCORE CHECK

6.   What structure featured rows that ran horizontally and vertically, a **podium** for some sarcophagi, and niches for up to 1000 urns to store the mostly cremated remains of a family?

COLUMBĀRIUM / COLUMBĀRIA

B1: Where would you go to first have remains cremated before taking them to the **columbārium**?

USTRĪNA(E)

B2: What is the Latin term for the urns that populated the **columbārium**?

ŌLLAE (OSSUĀRIAE)

7.   A georgic inspired by Hesiod, a poetic calendar in twenty-seven books called **Annālēs**, and a **praetexta** on the sacrifice of Decius Mus are all minor works of what prolific tragedian from Pisaurum?

ACCIUS

B1: What work of Accius, composed in nine books of mixed prose and verse, proposed a series of spelling reforms?

DIDASCALI(C)A

B2: What author dedicated his grammatical work *Dē Antīquitāte Litterārum* to Accius?

(MARCUS TERENTIUS) VARRO REATINUS

8.   After your doctor prescribes griseofulvin, you become jaundiced from elevated bilirubin levels. Under what general category of meaning do the roots of "griseofulvin," "jaundice," and "bilirubin" belong?

COLOR

B1: What peculiarity is shared by the Latin roots of "parcel" and "couch"?

DIFFERENT MEANINGS IN SINGULAR AND PLURAL

B2: What grammatical distinction is shared by the Latin nouns at the root of the infectious diseases "impetigo" and "lues"?

TRIPTOTE

9.   What war saw Aesernia and Venusia fall into enemy hands, twelve **populī** transfer a 500-member rival Senate to Bovianum, and Lucius Cato and Lucius Caesar fight against the likes of Papius Mutilus?

SOCIAL WAR / MARSIC WAR / ITALIAN WAR

B1: In a precursor to the Social War a generation earlier, what city in the Liris valley rebelled after the Senate pushed Fulvius Flaccus aside and sent him to Gaul?

FREGELLAE

B2: What consul of 122 B.C., a son-in-law of Laelius and enemy of Gaius Gracchus, spoke out against another attempt to pass a bill enfranchising the Italians?

(GAIUS) FANNIUS

10. What type of animal was given a voice to argue about the sizes of certain organs before being beaten to death, ate the straw rope that Ocnus ceaselessly plaited, and inspired the ears that Apollo gave to Midas?

ASS / DONKEY / DONKEY (SHREK)

B1: What fertility god lost the argument to the donkey, and beat it to death?

PRIAPUS

B2: What mythological group was said to have fled in fear of the braying of asses that Dionysus brought to the battle?

GIANTS

11. Augustus told Crassus's grandson that what 5th-century man had been a consul, not a military tribune, when he dedicated in the temple of Jupiter Feretrius the panoply of a king of Veii, Lars Tolumnius?

(AULUS CORNELIUS) COSSUS

B1: Previous to his encounter with Cossus, Tolumnius had lost to a consul from what **gēns**, which would suffer humiliation in the 1st century B.C. when one of its members led a conspiracy in Rome?

SERGII / **(GĒNS) SERGIA**

B2: Augustus had an interest in proving that Cossus was a consul because he wanted to deny Crassus the **spolia opīma** for his victory over the king of what tribe?

BASTARNAE / BASTARNIANS

12. What dialogue, beginning with a description of boys skipping stones on the shores of Ostia, features Januarius and Caecilius Natalis debating Christianity with its author, Minucius Felix, as umpire?

OCTAVIUS

B1: At one point, Caecilius Natalis mentions a speech by "our fellow native of Cirta," referring to a recent attack on Christianity by what orator and letter-writer?

(MARCUS CORNELIUS) FRONTO

B2: The dispute begins when Octavius Januarius notices Natalis venerating a statue of what deity, a combination of Osiris and Apis?

SERAPIS / SARAPIS

13. "Why are you laughing? Change the name and this story is about you" is a quote from what author, who also advocates choosing the golden middle path and mentions that even good Homer sleeps?

HORACE

B1: Give the Latin for "this story is about you" in the first quote.

DĒ TĒ FĀBULA NARRĀTUR

B2: Fill in the blanks for this quote of Horace which would properly describe a movie underperforming expectations: **parturient [blank], nāscētur rīdiculus [blank]**.

MONTĒS, MŪS

14. What group sought refuge with Ceyx and then Theseus before sacrificing one of their own — Macaria — to ensure that Hyllus could kill their ancestral tormenter Eurystheus?

HERACLIDS

B1: After defeating Eurystheus, the Heraclids decided to conquer the Peloponnese and it took three tries. Hyllus died in the first expedition after dueling what king of Arcadia?

ECHEMUS

B2: Give one of the explanations for how Aristodemus died in the second expedition.

LIGHTNING BOLT or APOLLO KILLED HIM (WITH AN ARROW) or SONS OF PYLADES & ELECTRA

15. Translate the following sentence into Latin using a future imperative: "Make war with the Carthiginians tomorrow so that we may rest today."

CRĀS CUM {POENĪS / CARTHĀGINIENSIBUS} {BELLĀTŌ // BELLUM GERITŌ} UT HODIĒ QUIĒSCĀMUS

B1: Translate the following sentence into Latin using an imperative form of the verb **faciō**: "See to it that I become emperor at Rome within five days."

FAC(ITŌ) UT QUĪNQUE DIĒBUS IMPERĀTOR RŌMAE FĪAM

B2: Translate the following sentence into Latin using the verb **caveō** with the most classical construction: "Don't be lazy, my friends, even if I haven't gotten up yet."

CAVĒ PIGRĪ / IGNĀVĪ SITIS, MĪ AMĪCĪ, ET(IAM)SĪ (EGŌ) NŌNDUM SURREXĪ

SCORE CHECK

16. Listen to the following passage, which I will read twice, adapted from Claudius's journey down towards hell in the *Apocolocyntōsis*. Answer in *English* the question that follows: **Claudius ut vīdit fūnus suum, intellexit sē mortuum esse. Ingentī enim chorō nēnia anapaestīs cantābātur: "Fundite flētūs, ēdite planctūs, resonet tristī clāmōre forum: cecidit pulchrē cordātus homō." Dēlectābātur laudibus suīs Claudius, et cupiēbat diūtius spectāre, sed Mercūrius eum dētrahit capite obvolūtō.**

The question: How is Claudius described in the last line of his funeral lamentation, **cecidit pulchrē cordātus homō**?

(A MAN) BEAUTIFULLY {HEARTED / WISE} // HAVING A BEAUTIFUL HEART

B1: What meter was Claudius's funeral lamentation sung in?

ANAP(A)ESTS / ANAP(A)ESTIC

B2: What did Mercury do to Claudius before dragging him away?

{COVERED / WRAPPED} HIS HEAD

17. Who advocated for **verba ūsitāta** and exhorted writers to avoid unusual words "as a steersman avoids a reef" in a 54 B.C. treatise on linguistic theories written while crossing the Alps — the *Dē Analogiā*?

(GAIUS) JULIUS CAESAR

B1: What two-book pamphlet did Caesar compose as a response to Cicero's elogium of a famous republican hero?

ANTICATŌ(NĒS)

B2: What youthful poem did Caesar compose in praise of a hero who undertook such labors as killing the Nemean lion and cleaning the stables of Augeas?

LAUDĒS HERCULIS

18. The Latin words **nummum**, **superum**, and **dīvom** are all alternate forms in what case and number?

GENITIVE PLURAL

B1: The Latin adverbs **prīdiē** and **hodiē** emerged from what fifth declension noun case form?

LOCATIVE (SINGULAR)

B2: Other than **quibus**, give an alternate dative or ablative plural form of the relative pronoun.

QUĪS

19.	What name is shared among a 65 B.C. censor who opposed his co-censor Crassus, a man whose autobiography described fighting the Cimbri with Marius, and the man who ended the 1st Punic War?

LUTATIUS CATULUS

B1: This first Lutatius Catulus, a staunch optimate, was also Caesar's chief rival in the 63 B.C. elections for what position?

PONTIFEX MAXIMUS

B2: The peace treaty that C. Lutatius Catulus helped broker removed the Carthaginians from what Sicilian city, which had still not fallen to Rome?

LILYBAEUM

SCORE CHECK

20.	What region was home to the king who hacked his son Dryas to death, Lycurgus, the ghost of a boy who haunted a bloody bush, Polydorus, and the god that kidnapped Oreithyia, Boreas?

THRACE

B1: What man also died in Thrace at the hands of the Ciconian women?

ORPHEUS

B2: Thrace was also home to what god of the Getae, who received messengers that were tossed onto a set of three spears?

SALMOXIS / ZALMOXIS / GEBELZEIZIS